Application Of BIM 5D Methodology In The Construction Of A Children's Park

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Abstract—This project is based on the planning and control of the progress of the construction of the Children's Park in the Corozal Precinct, to carry out the planning of this work, the information was provided by the district administration of Isisdro Ayora, and after a thorough review, we proceeded to calculate the quantities of work, the analysis of unit prices which was used to develop the budget of the project.

Then the Gantt chart was drawn up using the Ms Project software, which shows us the time it takes to carry out each activity with its cost and resources, after which the valued schedules of the team and staff were made.

To use the BIM 5D methodology, the 3D model was made using the Revit 19 software, after obtaining the 3D model, the other two dimensions are integrated by the Navisworks software, in which we integrate the 3D Model with the Gantt Diagram of the Project, obtaining a Model in 5D.

Finally, a simulation of the progress of the project is made, which reflects the time and cost of the work.

Keywords —planning, BIM, construction, design, engineering.

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent decades, the work of engineers has changed dramatically. Papyrus, paper, ink and a simple abacus sheets have been the only materials that engineers and architects have had for many years at the time of design. In this situation, designers are usually like a walking library where they are the only connoisseurs of the project globally but in detail, this often happens in projects where there is the participation of several professionals. At the time of planning, a challenge is presented for designers as the work of different areas of project development must be merged.

With the computer advance in Civil Engineering, it has contributed to a more effective development in constructions, which have allowed to improve both the performance of the equipment; how to minimize the waste of materials thus optimizing the times to perform each of the activities during the execution of the work; being the technological tool CAD (Computer-Aided Design), the first computer revolution in the construction sector that is currently widely used as it facilitates and optimizes the time in the preparation of plans replacing the traditional way of the drawing process using pencil and paper , which allows to identify problems not foreseen in the execution of the project.

Digital Object Identifier (DOI): http://dx.doi.org/10.18687/LACCEI2020.1.1.57 ISBN: 978-958-52071-4-1 ISSN: 2414-6390 These types of technological advances are those that allow the execution of the works more quickly and efficiently; It is for this reason that the present paper work aims to contribute to the efficiency in the planning and control of progress of works using the second technological revolution that currently has emerged in the construction sector called the BIM Methodology (Building Information Modeling), which consists of the administration of the information during the whole life cycle of the project, that is to say that it contains from the conceptual part, the drawing, development of the same as the quantification of quantities and budgets, in addition it also includes the planning and supervision of the progress of the work; All this is done through a platform consisting of a variety of software that are specially designed to work under this methodology.

II. LOCATION

The present Children's Park Construction project is located in the Corozal precinct belonging to the Isidro Ayora district of the Guayas Province.

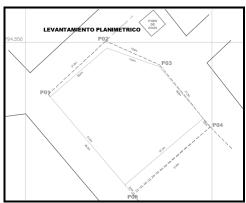


Fig. 1 Planimetric survey map.

TABLE I
HEAD OF PLANNING AND LAND MANAGEMENT OF ISIDRO AYORA
DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION.

VERTEX	FLAT COORDINATES UTM. WGS84			
	North	East		
P01	9'794.536.2	597.656,0		
P02	9'794.550,4	597.671,4		
P03	9'794.544,0	597.656,0		
P04	9,794.527,5	597.686,0		
P05	9,794.509,4	597.678,8		
Flat coordinates UTM				
System: W G S 84				
Zone: 17 South.				

1

III. BASIC CONCEPTS

1) BIM is the acronym of "Building Information Modeling". [1]

The BIM methodology allows us to generate a virtual model of the construction project in an integral way, with a digital representation of the elements of a work in the different phases of the project and the life cycle; acting as a digital data source where construction information is stored. BIM facilitates those who can affect or be affected by the different activities of the project, storage, consultation and communication of information. [2]



Fig. 2 BIM project life cycle.

2) BIM Software's

Currently there are some BIM software platforms on the market that are increasingly being implemented, the vast majority of these are intended for architects, engineers; These platforms have several functional tools available for multiple users. [3]

The BIM platforms that we will use in the development of this paper are the following: Revit, and Navisworks.

A. Revit

It is a design software, particularly designed for BIM, to empower professionals in the construction industry and thus contribute ideas from concept to construction with a coordinated and coherent orientation based on the model.

This platform is a family of integrated products that currently includes Revit Architecture, Revit Structure and Revit MEP in a unique application that includes features of architectural design, structural engineering, mechanical engineering, electrical engineering and construction pipes. [4]

With Revit you can create BIM models that include architecture information, structures that allow you to visualize, communicate and coordinate the project between the specialist and the personnel involved in the project. Likewise, you will be able to achieve a complete and advanced level of documentation of the construction project, achieving together greater efficiency and collaboration between specialties. Maximizing the prediction of performance before construction, with tools that help architects and engineers create architectural, structural analytical models and maintain consistency in each model.

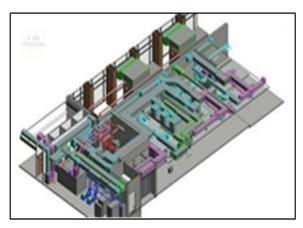
B. Naviswork

It is a tool that allows us to review the project for the simulation of design and confirmation and validation tests that allows professionals in architecture, engineering; etc., comprehensively review the integrated models and data of the stakeholders to achieve better control over the results of the project. It is presented as different products, each with different applications: Navisworks Freedom, Navisworks Simulate and Navisworks Manage. [5]

IV. DIMENSIONS OF THE BIM METHODOLOGY

A. BIM 3D

BIM-3D = Architecture + Structure + Facilities. It represents the geometry of the building and is a collection of objects. A perfect way to visualize how the final product will look as we design it. [6]



3D

THREE-DIMENSIONAL MODEL

- GRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION
- GEOMETRIC INFORMATION
- OBJECTS WITH PARAMETERS
- PROJECT VISUALIZATION

Fig. 3 BIM 3D.

B. BIM 4D

BIM-4D = BIM-3D + Programming / Time. It is a direct derivation of BIM-3D geometry and an optimization of resources. From the geometry, quantities are extracted, and these quantities are assigned to the resources; then the logical sequence is applied, by creating an optimized program to get the project to flow smoothly. [7]



4D

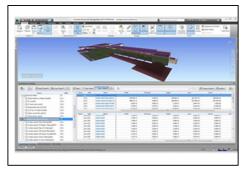
TIME MANAGMENT

- •PROJECT PHASE PLANNING
- •CONTROL OF EXECUTION DEADLINES
- •WORK OPERATIONS OPTIMIZATION

Fig. 4 BIM 4D.

C. BIM 5D

BIM-5D = BIM 4D + Cost / Budget. BIM-5D. It is the dimension that allows inserting prices within the BIM model, to have a conception of the economic cost of the work in real time. It is more than model-based estimation. It is a new way of working with the technical groups of the project and owner, covering a large amount of information and experiences in a visually communicative way using 3D and 4D models to achieve measurements, correct and coordinate quantities. [8]



5D

COST MANAGMENT

- •BUDGETS
- EXPENSES CONTROL
- •MANAGEMENT OF OFFERS AND CONTRACTS

Fig. 5 BIM 5D.

D. The Bim Methodology

The BIM 5D methodology is carried out by developing main tasks; in the first task the 3D BIM 3D modeling is developed in a BIM software in this case we will use Revit; the second task is the preparation of the project budget; in the third task, the BIM 4D model of the project is carried out using a BIM software, for the case study, the work program was developed with the Microsoft Project 2013 software, and the 3D BIM model in the Autodesk Revit 2014 software. The simulation of the BIM 4D model represents the virtual simulation of the construction process of the project. [9]

Finally, we perform task 4, which consists of a BIM 5D model; This is obtained from the unification of the cost estimate and the BIM 4D model. The simulation of the BIM 5D model represents the simulation of the construction process of each facilities elements, taking into account the position in space, the dimensions of the elements, the time and the cost of construction. For the case study, the BIM 5D model was developed with Autodesk Navisworks software.[10]

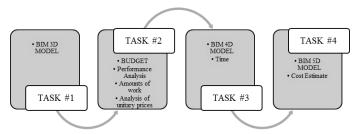


Fig. 6 BIM 5D Methodology.

V. METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK

1) Project Start

To initiate the project, the plans and technical specifications provided by the City Hall of Isidro Ayora of the Construction of the Children's Park in the Corozal site were reviewed, after having reviewed all the information required to proceed with the calculation of the quantities of work belonging to the different items that contains the budget.

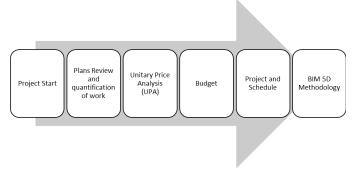


Fig. 7 Work Planning and Control Process.

2) Project description

The construction of the Children's Park is located in the Corozal Precint, Isidro Ayora, Guayas Province.

The project is made up of an area of 803.75 m2, this has perimeter concrete seats, has 4 entrances with doors, 2 areas for children's games such as: monkey bars, slides, see-saws, swings, rocking chairs and structures of concrete, in addition to an area for events with stage, a resting area with metal pergolas with 4 benches surrounded by garden areas.



Fig. 8 Project Outline.

3) Planning and Control of Work Progress

Good planning involves reviewing each of the items with their respective units and being able to group them in an orderly manner and according to their work groups and thus, in turn, be able to calculate the amounts of work with the help of the plans and technical specifications, that the City Hall previously was able to facilitate us, and be able to carry out a good analysis of unit prices taking into account each of the materials and equipment that will be used in the preparation of each work, optimizing all resources to be able to carry out the budget of the work.



Fig. 9 Work Planning.

We start planning the activities with which it will give a start date to the work and we proceed to carry out the programming using the Project computer tool and software to adjust the items and quantities in a single calendar where we plan to have a vision of their tasks and duration and with what we can count on the execution schedules valued, of equipment and of the personnel, remembering that the GANTT diagram helps us to visualize in chronological order the necessary times to fulfill each one of the planned activities.

The control is carried out with the help of the chronogram performance index and the cost performance index.

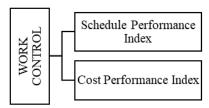


Fig. 10 Work Control.

4) Bim 5d methodology

To use the BIM 5D methodology it is necessary to make a three-dimensional (3D) model, in this case we use Revit 2019; this is based on architectural and structural plans of the Children's Park Construction project in the Corozal Precinct.

After having the 3D model, the other two dimensions of the methodology must be incorporated; For this we use the Navisworks 2019 software that allows us to integrate a 3D model with a programming made in Project with the respective resources of each item, thus obtaining the fourth 4D dimension that is the estimated times to execute the work, and the fifth 5D dimension Project costs In addition, Navisworks software allows us to perform an animated simulation of the construction process.

VI. DEVELOPMENT OF THE TOPIC

1) Determination Of The Items

The development of this chapter will be directly linked to the items listed in the following table.

TABLE II LIST OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE BUDGET

PRELIMINARY WORKS			
1	Staking and levelling	m ²	
2	Excavation and eviction	m^3	
3	Compacted fill	m^3	
FOUNDATION OF THE ENCLOSURE			
4	Concrete foundation bed	m^3	
5	Reinforced Concrete for Plinths F'c =	m ³	
	210kg/Cm2 (Includes Steel And Formwork)	III	
6	Cyclopean concrete f'c = 180 kg/cm2	m^3	

	(includes formwork)	
	Reinforced Concrete For Struts F'c =	
7	210kg/Cm2 (Includes Steel And Formwork)	m^3
	Reinforced Concrete For Columns F'c =	
8	210kg/Cm2 (Includes Steel And Formwork)	m ³
	Reinforced Concrete For Benches F'c =	
9	210kg/Cm2 (Includes Steel And Formwork)	m ³
	FOUNDATION OF THE ENTRANCES	
10	Concrete foundation bed	m^3
	Reinforced concrete for plinths f'c =	
11	210kg/cm2 (includes steel and formwork)	m ³
	Reinforced concrete for struts f'c = 210kg/cm2	,
12	(includes steel and formwork)	m ³
1.2	Reinforced concrete for columns f'c =	3
13	210kg/cm2 (includes steel and formwork)	m ³
1.4	Reinforced concrete for beam f'c = 210kg/cm2	3
14	(includes steel and formwork)	m ³
	FOUNDATION OF THE STAGE	
15	Concrete foundation bed	m ³
1.4	Reinforced concrete for plinths f'c =	3
16	210kg/cm2 (includes steel and formwork)	m ³
17	Reinforced concrete for struts $fc = 210 \text{kg/cm}2$	3
17	(includes steel and formwork)	m ³
10	Reinforced concrete for columns f'c =	3
18	210kg/cm2 (includes steel and formwork)	m ³
	STAGE	
19	Compacted fill	m ³
20	Tile roof	m ²
21	Concrete subfloor for stage f'c = 210 kg/cm2	m^2
21	T = 8cm	111
22	Stage ceramics	m ²
	WALLS AND PLASTER	
23	Precast concrete block walls $(T = 10cm)$	m ²
24	Plastered with mortar 1-3	m ²
25	Plastered Edges	m
26	Decorative Stone	m ²
	ELECTRIC INSTALATIONS	
27	Public lighting point	Pto
28	Electric power point	Pto
20	Low voltage electrical connection (2# 4/O -	
29	N#1/O, T#4)	m
30	Electrical distribution board	u
31	Grounded mesh	Pto
32	THHN feeder (2F#6+N#6+T#8) AWG	m
33	THHN feeder (3F#10+N#10+T#12) AWG	m
34	THHN feeder (2#12+T#14) AWG	m
35	Concrete Pass Box 60 x 60 cm	
		u
	LOCKSMITHING	u
	LOCKSMITHING	
36	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design)	m ²
	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED	
36	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided	m ²
36 37 38	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design)	m ² u
36 37	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design) Trash cans	m ²
36 37 38 39	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design) Trash cans PAINT	m² u u
36 37 38	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design) Trash cans PAINT Exterior paint	m ² u
36 37 38 39 40	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design) Trash cans PAINT Exterior paint PERGOLA CONSTRUCTION	m² u u u Glb.
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36 37 38 39 40	LOCKSMITHING Front Door (according to design) Metal Posts (according to design) LED floodlights incluided Metal benches (according to design) Trash cans PAINT Exterior paint PERGOLA CONSTRUCTION Metal pergola (civil works, cover and finishes) SIDEWALKS AND CURBS	m² u u u Glb.
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	PLANTERS			
47	Clay placement	m^3		
48	Sowing land placement	m^3		
49	Supply and planting of ornamental plants	m ²		
GAMES SUMINISTRATION				
50	Monkey bars	u		
51	See-saw	u		
52	Slide	u		
53	Rocking chairs	u		
54	Concrete structure games	u		
55	Plastic house with slide	u		
	MISCELANIOUS			
56	Work sign	u		
57	Safety equipment	u		
58	Cellar	u		
59	Work cleaning	Glb.		

VII. RESULTS ANALYSIS

1) Project Modeling

To develop a BIM 3D model, we used the software Revit 2019, based in the logical programmed sequence of Project.

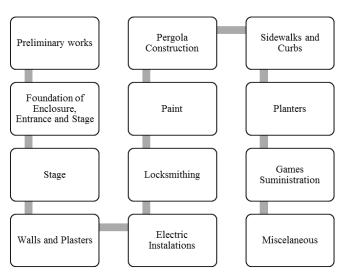


Fig. 11 BIM Modeling of the project.

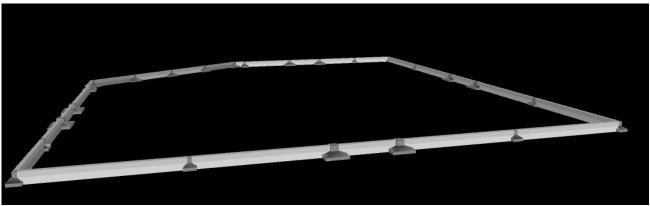


Fig. 12 Foundation of the 3D BIM modeling project

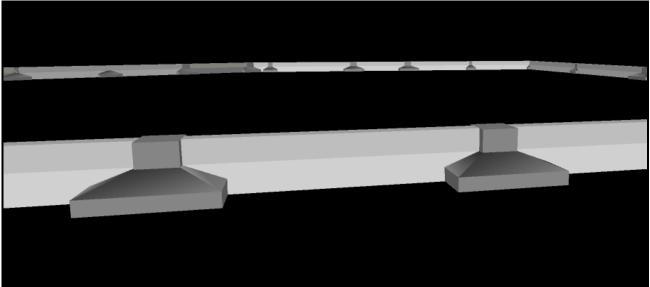


Fig. 13 Entrance Foundation 3D BIM modeling

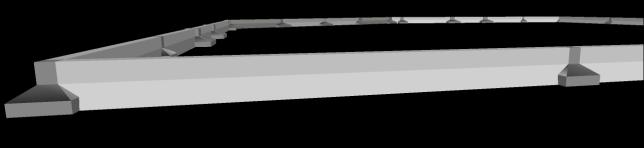


Fig. 14 Foundation of BIM 3D modeling enclosure

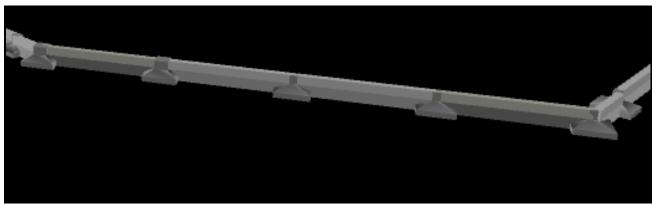


Fig. 15 Foundation of BIM 3D modeling stage

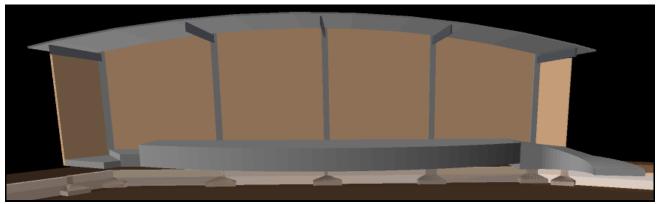


Fig. 16 3D BIM modeling stage

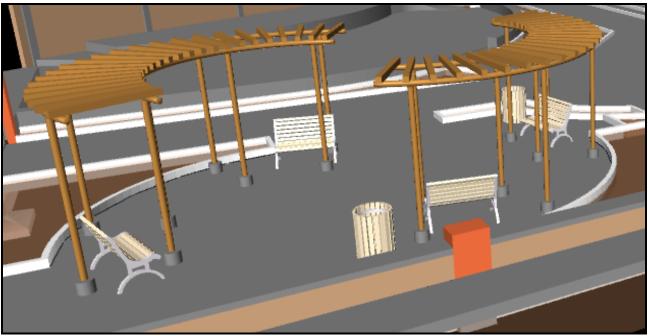


Fig. 17 Pergola, garbage cans, metal benches 3D BIM modeling

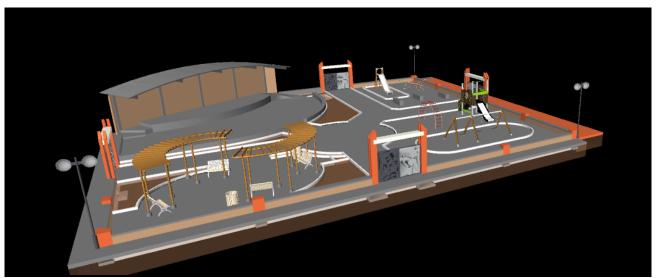


Fig. 18 Final Modeling of the BIM 3D Project



Fig. 19 Final Modeling of the BIM 3D Project

VIII. INTEGRATION OF BIM 3D AND PROJECT

To create the BIM 5D model it is necessary to have the BIM 3D model and the schedule in Project (Gantt Chart), for this we will use the Navisworks software.

As a first step we must add the 3D BIM model in Navisworks.

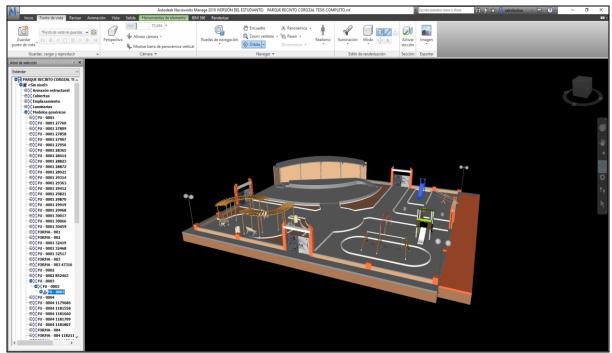


Fig. 20 BIM modeling added in Navisworks

As a second step is to add the Gantt Diagram (Project) this will give us the two missing dimensions to the methodology.

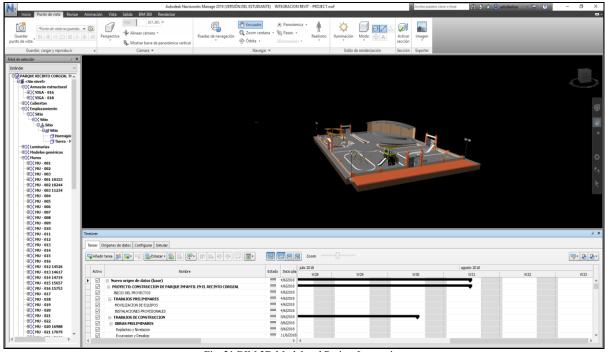


Fig. 21 BIM 3D Model and Project Integration

After having the integration of the 3D BIM Model and the Gantt Diagram (Project), the animated simulation of the construction process is carried out, which will show us the progress of both the model and time and costs, obtaining as final product the BIM 5D.

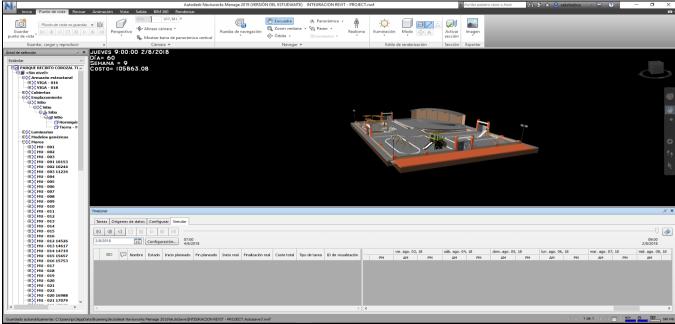


Fig. 22 Final simulation

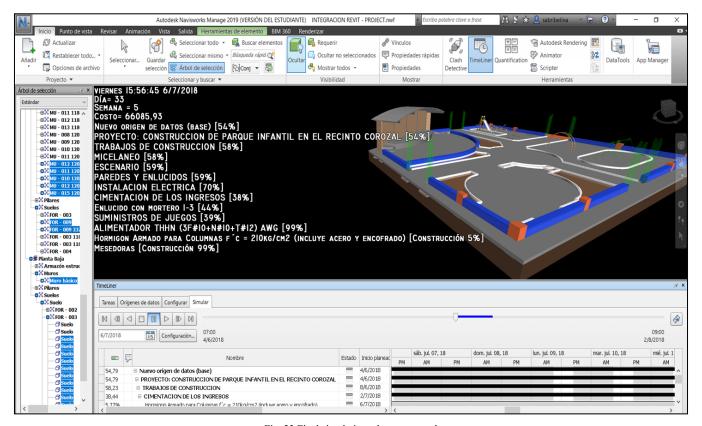


Fig. 23 Final simulation advance control

IX. CONCLUSIONS

Through planification and work advance control of the construction of the Children's Park of the Corozal Precinct using the BIM 5D Methodology, we accomplished the proposed objectives, the quantification of amounts of work was realized, unit price analysis to accomplish the project budget; the equipment and manpower schedule was executed, we also developed the Ms Project schedule with the assignation of the costs and the resources of each of the budget activities.

With the application of the BIM 5D methodology, it is easier to realize the planning and work control, because the BIM Model has all the information of the project; thus, the 3D model of the time and cost estimates of the project.

X. RECOMMENDATIONS

The use of BIM 5D Methodology in projects, since this methodology provides the builder an optimization of time and resources with a larger organization thus having a more accurate and precise vision of the project thus avoiding future constructive errors at the time of execution.

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